## BBC Learning English - Q & A of the Week 你问我答

### About this script

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## 关于台词的备注:

请注意这不是广播节目的逐字稿件。本文稿可能没有体现录制、编辑过程中对节目做出的改变。

# Pronunciation 两个辅音/∫/ and /3 /

Wang Fei: She sells seashells on the seashore, and the shells...

Finn: (clear throat) Wang Fei, it's time to do the recording.

Wang Fei: Oh, yes! 大家好我是王飞。欢迎收听本周的《你问我答》节目。

Finn: And I'm Finn. Wang Fei, what were you saying just now? She sells what?

She sells sea shells ...

Wang Fei: Oh. I was practising my English pronunciation. I used to have a problem

with the /s/ sound and the /ʃ / sound.

Finn: That's interesting! Well, today's question from our listeners is about the

sounds / [/ and /3 /.

### Insert

Hello my name is Hope and I'm from Guangxi. I think I have problems with the sounds " $\int$  "and " $\delta$ ". Can you help me? When I say "It's my pleasure." native English speakers always correct my pronunciation of " $\delta$ ". Thank you very much.

Wang Fei: 我们的听友 Hope 觉得自己的两个发音/ʃ/ 和 /3 / 不够准确,她想知道如何发好这

两个音。她特别对 "It's my pleasure." 这个句子感到头疼。

Finn: The /3 / sound is a difficult sound for some Chinese learners isn't it?

Wang Fei: Sure, I heard some learners say "It's my pleasure." as "It's my /plerə/."

What's the problem there?

Finn: Well, what they did was they pronounced / 3 / as /r/. The problem is that

you should raise their tongues up a bit to a position close to the roof of the

mouth.

Wang Fei: 原来他们把/3 / 发成了 /r/. Finn 解释说这是因为他们的舌头没有抬起来。舌头应

该提高到快接触到口腔上腭的位置。下面 Finn 读正确的发音,我读错误的发音。你们

注意听一下区别。

Finn: It's my pleasure.



Wang Fei: It's my /plerə/.

Finn: I usually wear casual clothes.

Wang Fei: I usually wear casual clothes. 希望你们听出区别来了。另外,我还听到有些中国

学习者会把"It's my pleasure." 读成 "It's my /plezə/."

Finn: Yes! They pronounced / 3 / as /z/. The problem here is that they didn't

raise their tongues up and didn't stick out their lips either.

Wang Fei: Finn 解释说这是因为他们的舌头没有抬起来,另外嘴唇也没有往前突出。下面 Finn

读正确的发音, 我读错误的发音。你们注意听一下区别。

Finn: It's my pleasure.

Wang Fei: It's my /plezə/.

Finn: It's a good measure.

Wang Fei: It's a good measure. 希望你能听出正确的和错误的发音之间的区别。那我们来说一

说另外一个音/ʃ/.

Finn: /ʃ/ and / 3 / are indeed two sounds that puzzle many English learners.

One is a voiced and one is an unvoiced consonant.

Wang Fei: Finn 说 /ʃ/ and /3 / 是一对清浊辅音。也就是说它们的发音部位是一样的,清辅

音 unvoiced sound 在发音的时候,声带不振动,浊辅音 voiced sound 在发音的

时候,声带则是振动的。

Finn: Wang Fei, what problem did you have before with the / ʃ / sound?

Wang Fei: I pronounced it like this: She sells sea shells.

Finn: I see. She sells sea shells. The problem is that you didn't raise their tongue

up towards the roof of your mouth.

Wang Fei: 是的。Finn 说得很对。我以前没有发好 /ʃ/ 这个音,就是因为舌位不够高,发这个音

的时候,舌尖要往后移,舌头应该提高到快接触到口腔上腭的位置。

Finn: And your lips should go forwards, not backwards.

Wang Fei: 你的嘴唇要往前突出一点,而不是往后。

Finn: Ready? /ʃ/

Wang Fei: /ʃ/

Finn: Very clear! Now how about this? She sells seashells on the seashore.

Wang Fei: She sells seashells on the seashore.



Finn: When you are reading this sentence, you should feel your tongue going up

and down in your mouth.

Wang Fei: 在做这个练习的时候,你能感觉到舌头在口腔里上下移动的。

Finn: Now, let's quickly go over the key elements of pronouncing / ſ / and / 3 /

well. First, the tip of your tongue go backwards a bit, then raise their tongue up almost touch the roof of your mouth, and stick your lips out.

Wang Fei: 有三个步骤,首先舌尖往后移一点儿,然后舌头抬起靠近口腔上腭位置,最后嘴唇要往

前突出。

Finn: Ready? / ʃ/

Wang Fei: /∫/

Finn: /3/

Wang Fei: /3 /

Finn: Very good.

Wang Fei: Thank you Finn.

Finn: It's my pleasure Wang Fei. Shall we finish the programme now?

Wang Fei: Yes! 听众朋友,如果你也有发音或者语法方面的问题,请给我们发电子邮件。如果你

把你的录音发送给我们,您就会有机会得到 BBC 英语教学专家的指导。

Finn: We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Both: Bye bye!

